Master's degree in law

Criminal procedural law

A.A. 2021/2022

I and II semester 14 CFU

Course Information	Criminal procedural law course, 14 CFU, academic year 2021/2022 I and II semester
Teacher information	Prof.Elena Augusta Andolina, Associate of Criminal Procedural Law Department of Law, Economics and Sociology elena.andolina@unicz.it The office hours are indicated on the lecturer page of the Department website
Cours Description	The course is divided into two parts. According to the order of the code, we will first deal with the "static" part of the process (the system of sources, the subjects, the parties to the process, the deeds, the evidence, the precautionary »(Preliminary investigations, preliminary hearing, special rites, trial, etc.). The ultimate goal is to provide the methodological and cognitive tools aimed at the ability to understand and analyze the regulatory framework pertaining to the criminal trial as well as the underlying problems, especially related to the conflictual tension between the individual and the authorities
Course objectives and expected learning outcomes	1. Allow the learning of the structural characteristics of the criminal trial and the fundamental criteria that govern it, also in relation to the principles of reference contained in the Constitutional Charter and in the International Charters of Human Rights. 2. Acquire an in-depth basic competence on how to carry out the process in its entirety, which can be used for the needs of professional practice. 3. Compulsive and refine the spirit of the interpreter aimed at finding the solution of the concrete case, also in the light of the examination of the different - or opposing - orientations of doctrine and jurisprudence. 4. Raise awareness of the main regulatory profiles subjected to reform tensions.

Outlines of the Italian criminal trial - I. Introduction to the study of criminal **Program** procedural law. History and ideologies of the Italian criminal trial. -II. The (contents, adaptation of domestic law to European sources. -III. The Possible distinction methods between attending and non-attending programs as protagonists of the process. development) IV. The acts.-V. The body of the right to evidence. General provisions.-VI. The means of proof. - VII. The means of seeking evidence. - VIII. Pre-precautionary measures. - IX. The precautionary measures. - X. Preliminary investigations.-XI. The preliminary hearing.-XII. Special proceedings. XIII. The ordinary judgment. XIV. The proceeding before the Court in monochromatic composition. - XV. Criminal proceedings before the justice of the peace. - XVI. The procedure for ascertaining the liability of entities. -XVII. The juvenile criminal trial. -XVIII. Appeals in general. - XIX. The appeal. - XX. The appeal to cassation. -XXI. The Judged.-XXII. Appeal to the European Court of Human Rights.-XXIII. Extraordinary means of appeal.-XXIV. Criminal execution. - XXV. European criminal area and international judicial cooperation. - XXVI. European arrest extradition.-XXVII.Rogatoria.-XXVIII.International judicial cooperation in the execution. - XXIX. The prevention procedure. At the end of the course, an ad hoc program will be published for attending students concerning the topics covered during the course itself. Individual Hours to devote to study for serious preparation: 350 hours **Estimate of the** commitment required for the study used Lectures in the classroom also aimed at involving students Teaching Methods: Learning resources: (recommended textbooks, any further recommended reading for further information,

other material

The texts indicated for the study of the subject are:

DOMINIONI and Others, Criminal Procedure, Turin, G. Giappichelli Editore, latest edition;

or

- O. TONINI, Manual of Criminal Procedure, Milan, A. Giuffrè Editore, latest edition;
- D. SIRACUSANO and Others, Criminal procedural law, A. Giuffrè Editore, latest edition.

The study of textbooks must be absolutely integrated with the constant consultation of the code. Given the continuous flow of regulatory data, it is noted the absolute need to use the most recent edition of the study manuals and to consult the most recent edition of the criminal procedure code, to be integrated with any legislative changes, as well as with the any rulings of the Constitutional Court.

Support Activities:

In addition to the lessons of the course, additional activities are planned such as seminars with the presence of teachers from other universities and qualified magistrates, as well as participation in criminal hearings and exercises.

Attendance Methods

The attendance of the Course will develop both in the 1st and 2nd semester. Although it is not compulsory, it is also strongly recommended for the purpose of a guided approach to the study topics.

Method Assesment

of The exam will be carried out in oral form.

Intermediate verification tests with an exemption nature are not envisaged.

In order to pass the exam, the student must demonstrate

sufficiently know the program in its entirety and of

be able to express it in satisfactory language on the

syntactic and technical level. The total or partial lack

of these basic elements will result in the negative evaluation of the

proof and therefore the student's non-suitability to pass

of the exam

Once the presence of these minimum requirements has been ascertained, the

student evaluation, aimed at identifying the grade

final (18 to 30) will be done using the parameters here in

shown below in the appropriate grid:

Voting Knowledge and Ability to Use

understanding analysis and references

of the summary topic

Not Important Irrelevant. Completely

suitable shortcomings. Frequent inappropriate

Significant generalizations.

inaccuracies Inability to

synthesis

18/20 At the threshold level. Capacity Just

Imperfections just appropriate

evident sufficient

21/23 Knowledge Is able to Use the

routine analysis and references

correct summaries. standard

Argue in

logical way e

coherent

24/26 Knowledge Has ability to use

good analysis and references

good summaries. standard

The arguments

are expressed

consistently

27/29 More remarkable knowledge Has deepened

what a good ability to argue

analysis and of

synthesis

30/30L Knowledge Has very good Important

excellent ability to investigate

analysis and of

synthesis